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PLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/782,499	02/13/2001	Suresh Subramonian	60602A	9936	
109 7	7590 04/24/2002				
	HEMICAL COMPANY		EXAMI	EXAMINER FOELAK, MORTON	
P. O. BOX 196		N	FOELAK, N		
MIDLAND, M	II 48641-1967		FOELAK, MOR	PAPER NUMBER	
			1711	14	
			DATE MAILED: 04/24/2002	7	

se find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

*			A8-4			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	,			
	09/782,499	SUBRAMONIAN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Morton Foelak	1711				
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence address	•			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail - earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	I. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a eply within the statutory minimum of the dwill apply and will expire SIX (6) MO ute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed rty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communicates BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ation.			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on _	·					
	This action is non-final.					
Since this application is in condition for allocalosed in accordance with the practice under Disposition of Claims			ts is			
4) Claim(s) 1-15 is/are pending in the applicati	on.					
, <u> </u>	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>9-15</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	l/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examin						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acc						
Applicant may not request that any objection to						
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on		disapproved by the Examiner.				
If approved, corrected drawings are required in						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the I	схапшет.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		0.440(=) (=) == (0				
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	ign priority under 35 U.S.C	§ 119(a)-(d) or (t).				
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docume		A Post of Ale				
2. Certified copies of the priority docume		· ·				
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the present of the present of the international in the second of the present of the present	Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a))					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome	stic priority under 35 U.S.C	. § 119(e) (to a provisional applic	cation).			
 a) The translation of the foreign language p 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome 						
Attachment(s)						
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s 	5) Notice of	v Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) f Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	- ·			
S. Retart and Trademark Office						

Art Unit: 1711

1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1-8, drawn to a process of making a macrocellular acoustic foam,
 classified in class 264, subclass 50+.
- II. Claims 9-15, drawn to a macrocellular acoustic foam, classified in class521, subclass 79 or 81..

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

- 2. Inventions I and II are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make other and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case the product could be made by molding and foaming polyolefin beads after impregnation.
- 3. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 4. During a telephone conversation with Mr. Dan R. Howard on April 22, 2002 a provisional election was made with traverse to prosecute the invention of Group !!, claims 9-15. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claim1-8 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.
- 5. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one

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5. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- 7. Claims 9-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Chaudhary et al '232 or '120.
- 8. Patentees disclose making an acoustic foam from blowing agent containing polymers of the claimed type including a flame retardant of the claimed type by extrusion. Note col. 14 lines 22-35: col. 14 line 10 and col. 30 line 26 of the '120 patent.
- 9. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

10. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States

11. Claims 9-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Collins.

Patentee discloses an extrusion process of foaming polyolefins. On page 7 starting with line 25 to line 11 of page 8 and specifically in lines 8-11 of page 8 of the instant specification, applicants indicate that said process called for in Collins reads on the claimed extrusion process. It would have been inherent that the Collins process would produce the claimed product..

It has been held that where applicant claims a composition in terms of function, property or characteristic where said function is not explicitly shown by the reference and where the examiner has explained why the function, property or characteristic is considered inherent in the prior art, it is appropriate for the examiner to make a rejection under both the applicable section of 35 USC 102 and 35 USC 103 such that the burden is placed upon the applicant to provide clear evidence that the respective compositions do in fact differ. *In re Best*, 195 USPQ 430, 433 (CCPA 1977); *In re Fitzgerald et al.*, 205 USPQ 594.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Morton Foelak whose telephone number is (703) 308-2442.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

M.F.

April 22, 2002

Primary Examiner

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